GALERIE OSCAR DE VOS

SINT - MARTENS - LATEM



Xavier De Cock (Ghent 1818 - Deurle 1896)

Flemish village fair

Circa: 1857 1857 Oil on canvas 50 x 74 cm (19 ³/₄ x 29 ¹/₈ inches)

Signed and dated lower right: Xavier De Cock / 1857

In 1857 the De Cock brothers took part in the Paris Salon for the first time and with success. Xavier wins a gold medal for his painting Cows at the Watering Place. In 1857 Xavier De Cock leaves his brother César in Normandy to return to Flanders. Around this time he met Albijn Van den Abeele, with whom he would remain friends throughout his life.

During the summers, Xavier would henceforth stay in Sint-Denijs-Westrem, only to go to Paris in the winter months. During his stay in the municipality, he painted the 'leutige kermis' of this village. It is a witty tableau on which country folk who go to the fair are depicted in their peculiar clothing 'spicy'. In the foreground, the youth is dancing. To the right of the centre is a couple in love who are moving away from the crowd and the dancing.

Exhibitions

- 1988, Deinze MuDeL, Retrospectieve tentoonstelling Xavier De Cock, César De Cock, Gustaaf Den Duyts, cat.no. 7.

Literature

- Catalogue de la vente des tableaux du peintre renommé Xavier De Cock, veilingcatalogus (Gent: Van Melle, 1906), cat.no. 20.

- Van Hoorde, J., De gebroeders Xavier en César De Cock (Gent: Vanderpoorten, 1897), p. 39.

- Moors, L., "Xavier De Cock 1818-1896. Leven en werk. Proeve van catalogus van zijn schilderkundig oeuvre. Album," masterproef (Gent: UGent, 1987), afb. 29 (ill.).
- Moors, L., "Xavier De Cock 1818-1896. Leven en werk. Proeve van catalogus van zijn schilderkundig oeuvre," masterproef (Gent: UGent, 1987), 81, 128, no. 9 (afb. 29).

- Van Doorne, V. & L. Moors, Retrospectieve tentoonstelling Xavier De Cock, César De Cock, Gustaaf Den Duyts, tent.cat. (Deinze: MuDeL, 1988), 10, 19, 47, afb. 7 (ill.).

Artist description:

Born the son of a tailor, Xavier and his brother César underwent a difficult period after the early death of their father. He followed lessons at the academy from 1830-1835. Thanks to the financial assistance of a cloth merchant, he was then able to complete his schooling in Antwerp. He debuted at the triennial exhibition in Antwerp already in 1837. Until 1845, he repeatedly sent work to the official Belgian exhibitions.

In the meantime, he had become a known figure in Ghent. In 1840, he helped establish the Kunstgenootschap, an association for the promotion of young, penniless artists. Some years later César De Cock would also become a member of the association.

In 1852, Xavier, in the company of a friend, made a trip to Normandy, and via Paris ended up in Barbizon. He became acquainted with the Mélingue family, with whom he was able to move in. In no time, De Cock had integrated himself in the artistic life of Paris. Xavier certainly enjoyed success in Paris.

When Xavier De Cock settled in Deurle-part of Sint-Martens-Latem-in 1860, he laid the foundations for the artists' village. Around the same time, he became friends with Albijn Van den Abeele, the town clerk of Sint-Martens-Latem.

At that moment, De Cock was a prominent painter in Belgium and abroad; thus he was received at the Paris exhibition as a celebrated landscape painter from Barbizon. De Cock probably spent the winters in Paris, but spring and summer always found him in Deurle. His French fame also spread to Belgium, and in Count Henri 't Kint de Roodenbeke-resident of the nearby castle of Ooidonk-he had an influential supporter of his work.

After 1865, Xavier preferred Belgian artistic life and exhibited frequently at the exhibitions in Antwerp, Brussels and Ghent. Successfully, for in 1862 the Ghent Museum for the Fine Arts purchased De Meersstraatin Ghent. The woods and meadows around Ghent were an important source of studies for the artist. However, he continued to send his work to Paris, where he was represented each year at the exhibition.